

Review Bow Island

THE FARMERS' HOME PAPER

Circulating in the Districts of:- Pleasant View,
Seven Persons, Whitla, Winnifred, Bow Island, Grassy Lake, Foremost and Maleb.

ELEVENTH YEAR.

BOW ISLAND, ALBERTA

FRIDAY SEPTEMBER 23, 1921

SUBSCRIPTION \$2.00 A YEAR

Be sure to get a
Brown Loaf
when buying your Bread next time
they are delicious

Brown and White Bread
DAILY

New and Tasty Buns
ALWAYS ON SATURDAY

A. E. BROWNING
BAKER

MAIN STREET — BOW ISLAND

**BOOT AND SHOE AND
HARNESS REPAIRING**

For Best Work and Lowest Prices
TRY

A. W. CHANDLER
"The Veteran" SHOE REPAIR

Main Street (Opposite G.W.V.A. Club) Bow Island

CASH ONLY

Cooling Breezes at the Golf Links of St. Andrew's



The Golf Links at St. Andrew's-by-the-Sea



Greenock Church, St. Andrew's



Algonquin Hotel
with three faces to the sea

While the continent as a whole has been sweltering under a pitiless sun that has kept the mercury round the hundred mark, St. Andrew's-by-the-Sea, known as the Newport of Canada, has been blessed with delightful days. The temperature of this popular resort on Pannamaddy Bay in New Brunswick, has averaged 70 degrees F. On July first the mercury stood at 62. This fact has drawn many visitors to St. Andrew's and the hotels are thronged with a packed crowd which, added to the Canadian smart set whose palatial cottages overlook the Bay, makes the Cana-

dian Newport a lively place. Like its namesake in old Scotland, St. Andrew's is noted for its excellent golf links. These are laid out on a spit of land known as Joe's Point which projects into the blue bay and is swept by sea breezes at every hour. Golfers are to be found enjoying the course at all hours and many of the four-omes include world famous players. Bowling on the green is another attraction at St. Andrew's. This is a sport little known south of the border, but so popular at St. Andrew's that the green is lighted by electricity at night and keeps on

Pay Taxes And Avoid Sale

According to the provisions of the Provincial Act a Tax Sale is required annually

The Act as to Tax Sales provides that taxes in arrears-1920 taxes unpaid-must be included in the tax sale. The Sale must be at least six weeks after list is printed

Bow Island

Mr. Archie Gage's son Verne, unfortunately broke his arm, whilst trying to crank the truck for his father, last Friday. Dr. Cairns set the bone and up to the time of going to press, we are pleased to report the arm is mending nicely

Mrs. T. B. Hands returned from Medicine Hat Hospital last Monday

The Taber Tennis team visited Bow Island last Wednesday to play the return Tennis match. The result was Bow Island won three games and Taber won two games

The local team put on a dance in the evening in the G.W.V.A. Hall to which a large crowd attended, a nice lunch was served, and all had a good time

Miss Marian Depew left on Thursday morning for Medicine Hat to attend High School

The Ladies of the Catholic Altar Society will meet at the home of Mrs. L. M. Clutes on Thursday the 29th, September

Mr. Green of Taber was a visitor to Bow Island last Wednesday

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Smith visited Mrs. A. Smith of Bow Island (Mr. Smith's mother) last week

\$20 REWARD

A Reward of Twenty Dollars will be given for return of or information leading to the recovery of a Blue Serge Coat with Returned Veteran's Button fastened on it, no questions asked.

Apply Review Office
Bow Island, Alta.

Corrected from last week

CARD OF THANKS

The family of the late Mrs. Mary Rushworth desire to express their thanks to their friends and neighbours for the many kindnesses shown their mother during her long illness, also to the following for flowers sent:

SPRAYS
Mr. and Mrs. Tippit and Irene
" " " C.H. Thompson and family
" " " S.G. Jamieson, Medicine Hat

WREATHS
Ladies Auxiliary of G.W.V.A.

The C.F.W.A.

CROSSES—From her children:

All Saint's Ladies Aid

The Rebekahs Lodge

PILLOW—Great War Veterans

Signed

John, James and Allen Rushworth

by road

Mrs. F. Brophy left for Taber on

Wednesday from here she will go on

to her home in Vancouver, Mrs. A.

Hoglin accompanied her to Taber.

Mr. Bowden will take Mrs. F.

Brophy's car through to Vancouver

by road

Miss Gladys Martin and Master

Lefroy Martin entertained some of

their friends to supper last Sunday

evening

Mr. and Mrs. F. O. McKenna left

on Wednesday for Lethbridge on

business

Mr. E. A. Nevers east of town

brought some very fine samples of

sweet corn into town, last week which

he had grown on his own place

Mrs. Atkinson, senior, who has been

quite sick for the last week or so, is

now much better, and able to be

around again

The Bow Island School Fair held

last Wednesday was a great success,

a full House and many of the Win-

ners will be in next week's Review

Mr. Klentzle left for Edmonton

last Thursday

Mr. A. Gage left for Great Falls,

Montana last Thursday the 22nd Sept.

and expects to be away for two weeks

Last week the little seven year

old son of S.E. Angle of the Winni-

fred district was brought into Bow

Island, to have medical treatment

from Dr. Cairns. It appears that the

child was eating his supper (some pigs

tongue) when he cried and they saw

blood coming from his mouth, so they

brought the child in to see Dr. Cairns,

who soon discovered that somehow

the child had swallowed a piece of a

needle which was removed by Dr.

Cairns and the child was soon feeling

much relieved

Mrs. Almond Nanson and children

were on the sick list last week, but

are better again now

LOST

Would the person who picked up Mr. Henry Hanson's hand bag please return the bag with the balance of the contents by Parcel Post, the finder can keep the money

Lost between town and Hay-

croft station

P.O. Box 94—Bow Island

NOTICE

U.F.A. and U.F.W.A.
Pres. I.D. James Pres. Mrs. I.D. James
Sec. G. Monda Sec. Mrs. G. Monda

Will meet on Saturday

September 24th.

See me for

**Heaters and
Cook Stoves**
For Gas and Coal
also
Weather Strips

Springs & Mattresses

Ostrum's Hardware Store.

Main Street Bow Island

WATCH FOR MY TRUCK
ALL MEATS KEPT ON ICE

The Price of Meat has Dropped

**Phone
or Send in your orders.**

We deliver on Our Routes twice a week

I buy Veal Calves and Pigs
also all kinds of Live Stock

Thompson's Meat Market

Main Street Bow Island

**Bow Island School District
No. 1883**

NOTICE

An extra 2 per cent Discount will be allowed on Current Taxes paid on or before September 30th, 1921

Dated this 14th day of September 1921

On behalf of the Board of Trustees

**John Pollitt,
Secretary-Treasurer**

Mr. Pat McInery was in town last Thursday for repairs to his engine. Trade is very bad down in the States and that working men are very dissatisfied with their conditions there

Mr. Rolfe went to Cayley last Tuesday

Mr. Bergeron who has been in the

Bow Island District for a short stay,

looking after his interests here, left

for Kellogg, Idaho, today Friday.

He reports that Mrs. Bergeron has

been very ill and has been under five

All Saints Church

Services will be held on Sunday

September 24th.

Rev. Lescroft, Preacher

11 a.m. Church Service

3 p.m. Sunday School

7:30 p.m. Church Service

Everybody Welcome

League of Nations May Be Increased To Fifty Members

Geneva.—The membership of the League of Nations will be increased to 50, if the assembly adopts the recommendation of the committee, which decided to approve the admission of Latvia and Estonia. The applications of Lithuania and Hungary were not put, the committee deciding to await M. Hymans' report on the efforts to settle the Vilna dispute before putting on Lithuania Hungary's application will not come again until later.

The political committee also decided to recommend to the Supreme Council the inclusion in the eventual peace treaties with Turkey of a clause safeguarding the interests of Armenia.

The preponderance of the British and French on the committee and the labor bureau is being severely criticized by the representatives of the smaller states.

Grain Exchange Appoints New Head

Refraining President Says Producers Should Understand Marketing Methods.

Winnipeg.—C. H. Leaman was formally elected president of the Winnipeg Grain Exchange, succeeding Norman L. Leach, re-elected at the annual meeting. J. B. Craig and Dr. Robert Magill, vice-president and secretary-treasurer, respectively, who were elected by acclamation along with Mr. Leaman at the nomination meeting were also elected to office.

A resume of the past year's work in the grain trade, with suggestions for the general improvement of the trade was the feature of the retiring president's address, which stated: "There is today a wider and keener interest in grain marketing methods and systems; there are many criticisms of these methods. They should be more clearly understood by the producer, the business and general community at large, and I submit to you the suggestion of co-operation with and education of your trade, your customers and the general public toward that end."

Will Support Housing Scheme

Alberta Premier Says Province Willing to Give Help.

Edmonton.—Mayors, Duggan, Edmonton, and Adams, of Calgary, met Premier Greenfield to discuss the question of the Alberta cities obtaining aid from the Dominion in a housing scheme for the purpose of providing relief for unemployed.

Premier Greenfield gave assurance that as soon as proper evidence was produced to the effect that there was a real demand for houses in the cities, that the province would support the scheme and give security for the loans obtained.

Turks Must Surrender Plotters.

Constantinople.—Allied authorities have invited the Turkish Government to surrender the men involved in the revolutionary plot, discovery of which was announced recently. These persons must be turned over to the allies which will be held responsible. The conspirators will be tried by an allied court martial.

Visit Canada in 1924.

London.—The visit of the British Association for the Advancement of Science to Canada is likely to be held in 1924, as preliminary arrangements have been made for this. Next year's meeting will take place in Hull and the next in Liverpool.

Heavy Grain Shipment From West.

Winnipeg.—Approximately 16,000,000 bushels of grain have been loaded over the Canadian National Railway from western points to Sept. 14. This is more grain than was loaded up to October 4 last year, it is stated.

Asks Help For Russians

London.—Dr. Nansen has issued an appeal in behalf of Russia, asking the Imperial British Commonwealth "to subscribe generously to the national fund organized by the British famine relief committee." Dr. Nansen declares that if the financial problem be adequately and promptly solved, "the bulk of the stricken people may yet be saved."

W. N. U. 1236

Cattle Should Go To British Market

New Westminster, B.C.—"We must build up trade within the Empire," declared Hon. S. T. Tomin, Minister of Agriculture, at a recent gathering of farmers from the Fraser Valley. "There are 48,000 cattle ready today," he continued, "according to reports of our department, and every head should go to the British market." It was proposed to give more support to Experimental Farm and agricultural education generally, he said.

Trial Shipment Proves Failure

Alberta Government Lost On Shipment of Beef Cattle.

Edmonton, Alta.—The trial shipment of fat beef cattle that was sent to Scotland in June by the provincial department of agriculture, resulted in a net loss to the government. They show an average cost per head of \$883, with an average return of \$1,017 to the government. They show a net loss to the government. They show an average cost per head of \$883, with an average return of \$1,017 to the government.

When the steers left Edmonton they stood at a cost to the government of \$10,617 per animal, and the transportation charges, Edmonton to Glasgow, were \$100.12 per animal. Added to this were the expenses of the steers, including bank charges and other overhead expenses, bringing the total cost per head to \$13,027. Records kept en route show that there was practically no shrinkage in any of the animals. The sales in the Glasgow market showed that the smaller hand-weighted steers of good type and breeding, ranging from 1,200 to 1,350 pounds, were most in demand. The bulk of the steers, not meeting with ready sale for the summer trade.

Serious Fire In Refining Shop

Terrific Explosion Drenched Men With Flaming Oil.

Philadelphia.—Ten men were killed and more than a score injured, several of whom are expected to die, in the second serious fire to visit the big Port Breeze plant of the Atlantic Refining Company in a month. Three more men were reported missing and have been burned to death beneath flaming tanks of petroleum.

The fire was preceded by a terrific explosion which drenched workmen with flaming oil before they could escape. The fire was reported missing and have been burned to death beneath flaming tanks of petroleum. The fire was preceded by a terrific explosion which drenched workmen with flaming oil before they could escape. The fire was reported missing and have been burned to death beneath flaming tanks of petroleum.

Dominions Should Attend

Northcliffe's Opinion on Disarmament Conference.

Melbourne, Australia.—Referring to the approaching disarmament conference at Washington, Lord Northcliffe, who now is touring Australia, said in a speech at a civic reception, it was unthinkable Australia and New Zealand should be totally unrepresented at a conference which might decide their fate. Nations would be represented at that conference which, as compared with Australia, were not interested in the Pacific, he added.

Passefoot In Australia.

London.—A letter cable from Adelaide, South Australia, announced the arrival there of Passefoot Johnson. Johnson says the United States will remain dry and that England will be dry by 1929.

Greeks Will Resume Offensive

Soldiers Were Taking Rest and Bringing Up Supplies.

Smyrna.—Greek operations against the Turkish Nationalists have been interrupted, but will be resumed, said General Papoulas, commander-in-chief of the Greek army in Asia Minor. He said his forces were convinced that they were able to annihilate the enemy.

The offensive was halted so the Greek officers might be given a rest and arranging for bringing up supplies and provisions.

List Suggested Topics.

Washington.—The United States Government has sent to the government of all the powers invited to the conference on the limitation of armaments and Far Eastern questions a list of the topics suggested for discussion.

Cholera Spreads Fast.

Paris.—Cholera is fast spreading in the countries bordering Russia. The daily average deaths in Tiflis alone is between 30 and 40.

WESTERN EDITORS



H. A. Hodelheimer, Publisher of the Enterprise, Coquitla, B.C.

British Dirigible May Replace ZR-2

U.S. Government Wants to Obtain Former German Zeppelin.

London.—Reports that the United States and British Governments may arrange for the transfer of one of Great Britain's remaining airships to the U.S. Government, some time ago for contracting for the ZR-2 considered the desirability of obtaining one of the former German Zeppelins for experimental and instructional purposes.

When these German air fighters were turned over to the allies, Italy, France and Britain received one each and America none. Great Britain's Zeppelin, the L-71 is the largest rigid airship in existence, how that the ZR-2 is gone. Her cubic capacity is 2,420,000 feet or 380,000 feet less than the ZR-2. The length of the L-71 is 743 feet as against 695 feet for the ZR-2.

Chinese Canadian Trade Increases

Net Increase of \$40 Per Cent. in Five Years.

Hamilton, Ont.—China and Canada, having in common, and their trade relationship is growing substantially every year, declared W. Y. Kwan, chairman of the Chinese Railway Commission to members of the Kinmen's Club. He emphasized that in 1918, the last year in which statistics were available, China had imported and exported goods from and to Canada valued at more than \$17,000,000, which when compared with 1913 figures showed a net increase of \$40 per cent.

Will Recatalogue All In France

Police Chief Orders Every Thumb Print Registered.

Paris.—The entire French nation, as well as all foreigners residing in France, will be recatalogued and compelled to register their thumb prints, according to the latest regulation of Police Chief Loucheur.

Identification of crime suspects and the detection of criminals is expected to be made easier under the new system.

By Making Your Purchases From Your Home Merchant You Are Contributing Directly to the Prosperity of the Community in Which You Live.

SYMPATHETIC SORE THROAT



SHOULD CHILD YOUR CONSTITUTION IS STRONG ENOUGH THROW AWAY ANYTHING.

Alberta Government Anxious To Develop More Coal Markets

U. S. Boats Cannot Unload Without Permit

Railways Will Control Movement of American Grain.

Montreal.—In order to prevent the harbor of Montreal becoming choked with American grain, to the detriment of Canadian shippers, both the Canadian Pacific and Grand Trunk Railways have decided to control the movement by applying the permit system to American grain coming to Georgian Bay ports for transport to Montreal. In future, no bulk can come from American lake ports to Port McNicoll or Tiffin, Ont., without a permit to unload.

American grain has constituted about 40 per cent of the total shipments from the port of Montreal this season of navigation. At the beginning of the season it was all Canadian, and at the present time is about 60 per cent American and 40 per cent Canadian. The proportion of Canadian grain, however, will be larger with the arrival of the new crop.

Italy Has Good Harvest

Crop Expected to Reach Pre-War Production.

Rome.—Italy's harvest this year, according to its present productivity, will reach the government crop forecasts. The total harvest anticipated (of about 220 million quintals) compares all kinds of grain.

The average pre-war crop was calculated at 48,000,000 quintals. During the war, production decreased to 30,000,000 quintals. The present year's crop is also distinguished by the fact that it has been 6,000,000 in equaling the record grain crop of Italy, which was in 1913, when it reached nearly 38,000,000 quintals.

Work For Unemployed In Fort William

Foundry Company Is To Receive Order For Repairing.

Fort William, Ont.—The Fort William Car and Foundry Company is to receive an order for repairing 1,500 government cars, according to a telegram received here from Dr. R. J. Manion, M.P.

An additional 1,000 feet of breakwater is to be added to the Mission breakwater, work to start immediately. This means that the unemployment here will be greatly alleviated.

Canadian Importer Reaches Victoria

Victoria, B.C.—Emerging like a specter from the fog-bound Pacific after having been virtually given up for lost, the derelict Canadian government ship "Canadian" has been sighted by a six degree list, groggy but still waterborne, cleared the ocean of its expected grey and defiantly limped into port with her crew of undaunted British seamen still at their posts of duty.

Disagree Over Wages.

St. Catharines, Ont.—After ten hours' conference the contractors and union men engaged on the Welland Ship Canal have agreed to disagree on the question of wages and other points and it is now up to the government to decide.

Edmonton.—Representing the

mineral industry in this entire western province, 75 delegates were in attendance when the opening of the annual session convention of the Canadian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy was called to order by the chairman, A. E. S. Whitridge, of Coleman. Mayor G. M. Duggan, briefly addressed the visiting delegates, welcoming them to Edmonton on behalf of the city.

The Provincial Government was represented by Premier Greenfield, who spoke on the research work of the government in the matter of the mineral industry.

"The government is endeavoring to develop more fully the resources of Alberta," declared Premier Greenfield, "but we have met with one difficulty and that is the grading of coal."

The Premier deplored the lack of uniformity in the grading of coal, and stated that it had proved a hindrance in the marketing of the product. "We are advertising, making demonstrations and continuing the research," he said, "and I would like to suggest co-operation with the government as well as advise you that the uniform system of grading coal is a necessity."

Premier Greenfield gave an account of his trip into the north country, and its effect on the unemployment, encouraged by his observations of conditions. The government test hole in the Murray township where the mining industry is being investigated by the research branch, was also mentioned by the premier. "The government is thoroughly cognizant of the importance of the mineral industries in the province," he said.

The approach of the winter season and its effect on the unemployment situation in the province was touched upon by Mr. Greenfield. "I am hoping to call a conference of the form of relief," he said, "and would like to ask you to employ during the winter months, if possible, as much extra help as you can."

August Showed Decline In Trade

Exports of Agricultural Products Decrease Ten Million Dollars.

Ottawa.—A sharp decline in Canadian trade for the month of August, 1921, as compared with August, 1920, was recorded in the summary of Canadian trade issued by the department of customs. Total Canadian trade for August, 1921, amounted to \$127,200,000, as compared with \$138,000,000 for August, 1920. For the five months of the fiscal year closing with the end of August, total trade was \$621,800,000, as compared with \$628,000,000 for the same period in 1920, a reduction of \$66,188,121. During August, 1921, imports amounted to \$65,147,301, as compared with \$124,818,014, a reduction of \$59,670,713. For the five months ending August 31, the total imports entered for consumption was valued at \$319,099,763, as compared with \$357,800,000 in 1920. In August, 1921, domestic merchandise export was valued at \$112,728,064, as compared with \$61,485,993 for August, 1921.

Approve Relief Measures

St. Vincent Will Help Poor Who Lost Crops In Flood.

St. Vincent.—The St. Vincent Legislative Assembly has approved the expenditure for the relief of the poor who lost food crops and houses in the great storm which swept over St. Vincent last week. The total expenditure for the relief of the poor on the neighboring island of Grenada is \$597,800,000, as compared with \$500,000,000. Stinging and cocoa plants, which were ruined will require at least seven years for re-establishment.

Chicago Builders Return to Work.

Chicago.—Facing the possibility of an ownership in the skyscraper building industry, and spurred to action by refusal of Judge Landis, auditor, to grant a wage decision relating until they are at work, union men in the building industry here were coming back to work in large numbers.

Fire Destroys Lumber.

Stewiack, N.S.—One million feet of lumber was destroyed here by a fire which broke out in one of eight lumber piles. The lumber was piled near the railway tracks and all Canadian Pacific telegraph poles in the vicinity were burned and the wires put out of commission.

The Review

CHAS. AVERY, PROP.
Publishing Office, Bow Island, Alta.

Subscription Rates
Canada \$2.00 a year.
United States \$3.00 a year.

Advertisements and Subscriptions must be paid in advance.
Legal notices, 10c per line first insertion, 10c per line each subsequent insertion.

Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths will be charged for at the rate of 50c per insertion.

Announcements of entertainments, etc., conducted by churches, societies, etc., where admission is charged at half price.

Classified advertising, such as "Wanted," "For Sale," etc., 7c per line first insertion, and \$1.50 for three insertions.

All letters or correspondence should be addressed to the Editor at the publishing office, Bow Island, when they will at once be corrected.

F. O. McKENNA

Barister, Solicitor
and Notary Public
Office: Near C.P.R. Crossing,
Lethbridge Ave., Bow Island

PROWSE & LYONS

Baristers, Solicitors, Notaries Etc.
Office next to Post Office
Bow Island every Friday afternoon
and all Saturday
Alberta.

Dr. E. L. McKee

DENTIST
654 Third Street
Opposite Ambulance Hotel
Phone 3945 - Medicine Hat
Gold, Silver and Artificial Enamel
Fillings.

Crown and Bridge Work
stationary or removable.
Pyorrhea Treated and Prevented
(Teeth loosening in gums)

Sets of Teeth of all kinds
and Teeth Repaired
(Send your Reports to)

For Sale

Two hole Coal Oil Stove,
nearly new.
Two good Wood Mower Sicks
5 feet long two whiffle trusses
two single trusses.
Also a Caligraph Typewriter
in splendid condition.
Sewing Machine Oils, and
Sewing Machine Belts for Sale
Apply Review Office
Bow Island, Alta.

TO RENT

A two room, Shuck with gas
laid on, barn, chicken house, on
two lots, fenced.
Apply Review Office
Bow Island

The Weather

September 21st

Friday 16th. Cloudy
Saturday 17th. Sunny and warmer
Sunday 18th. " " " "
Monday 19th. " " " "
Tuesday 20th. Cloudy and windy
Wednesday 21st. Dull, light rain and
high winds
Thursday 22nd. Bright and warm

TABER GIL BURN BY LYE

TABER GIL BURN BY LYE
TABER GIL BURN BY LYE - Upsetting a
lot of boiling lye, which was being used
for domestic purposes, Jennie Hinton
a thirteen year old girl, whose parents
live just west of the approach to the
bridge at the south river hill, turned
her shoulder and arm so severely that
she is now receiving treatment at the
hospital.

The Bow Island and Burdett Reviews
heartily endorse and urgently com-
mend to the sympathetic attention of
all their readers the following items
sent from the Forestry Branch, De-
partment of the Interior, Canada.

Some of the items will appear
each week.

FORESTRY LETTER

"Spare O Spare
The Trees"

Forestry and Paper Making

I (this sheet of paper) was made out
of a given tree. If that tree had been
burned, I would be just a cinder. If I
am more useful than a cinder, please
help to keep my beautiful green
brothers from being turned into ashes.

Hedges will turn the Prairies into a land of Gardens

Because I have seen on the prairies,
and especially around Winnipeg and
as such places as Indian Head, some
of the finest gardens that could pos-
sibly be seen anywhere in Canada, I
say the time will come when these
prairies will be hedged and dotted
with gardens of blooming flowers,
of ripening fruit, and of delicious
vegetables. To this end, I may men-
tion, especially the Dominion Forestry
Branch Nursery Station at Indian
Head, because that does not come in
my own department; nothing could be
more exquisite, more perfect than
that magnificent garden, but
before the prairies can have gardens
they must have hedges for their wind-
breaks. Set your hedges and you may
look for gardens. The hedges are
planted. The Dominion Experimental
Farm has for some time past put
themselves by the wide distribution
which has been given to the Canadian
Hedge which the Department of Agri-
culture at Ottawa introduced from
Russia. - Prof. W. T. Macdon. Domi-
nion Horticulturist, Ottawa.

The Eagle Eye of the Forest Aeroplane

The use of airplanes in forest pro-
tection work is bringing to light some
valuable features that had not been
anticipated. Most forest fires are caused
by the carelessness of human beings. If
prospectors, hunters, campers, fish-
ermen and others who go into the woods
for business or pleasure could be
educated to be always careful with
their camp fires, their matches, and
their cigarette stubs over half the load
would be lifted from the shoulders of
the fire fighters. This is the reason
why the foresting poster is probably
the most important single factor in
forest protection. And here comes in
a little psychology in which the air-
plane figures. When a man camps at
a place where a warning against the
careless use of fire is conspicuously
posted he is careful to put out his fire
but when he camps at a spot where he
seems to be outside of the range of
the human touch or observation, he is
apt to grow careless and fires are like-
ly to follow in his trail. One of the
Dominion Forestry Branch inspectors,
in reporting on his first weeks' experi-
ence, in observation from an airplane,
records this fact that men camping in
the woods or out from the city for a
few days or a week end are suddenly
and effectively reminded of what they
ought to do by the appearance of an
airplane high above them, attending
strictly to business of patrolling the
forest, this impression is deepened
when the men realize that they and
their camp have been seen from the
airplane. Of this they are certainly
when they see a message "fluttering
down to them through the air. They
watch where the paper falls and, if
possible, get it. They find it a mes-
sage reminding them that as citizens
of Canada, they should assist the Fore-
stry Branch and the Air Board in
protecting their own property - the
forest by being careful with fire. As
preventing fires is much more econ-
omical and effective than fighting fires,
this feature of airplane patrol is of
great importance.

Plant Yre Safely

Until Sept. 25th.

WINNIFRED

M.H. Smith spent Monday 19th.
in Bow Island

Mrs. Herbert Hays is recovering
slowly from her slight illness. Her
friends were glad to learn

Mr. Oliver Dand and Hulton
Fisher gave a dancing party at the
home of the latter's mother, Mrs. For-
Fisher, last Saturday night a pho-
graph and violin supplied the music.
A dainty lunch was served at the mid-
night hour; a large number of these
dances will be given by the young
people.

Mr. and Mrs. Earl Bryant are leav-
ing Winnipeg to reside at Olds, Alta.
they shipped their stock and house-
hold furniture last week, their many
friends will be sorry to lose them

Mr. Jack Barten returned from a
business trip to Moose Jaw last week

Mr. Lou Gledhill made a business
trip to Medicine Hat to get medical
advice, having severe throat troubles

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Peterson are visit-
ing at the home of Mrs. Peterson's
parents Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Castle, Mr.
Peterson is trying to get back his
health, having received an accident in
the harvest fields while working

Mrs. Geo. Ogan of Lethbridge is visit-
ing her daughter Mrs. Frank Powlan
for a few weeks accompanied by Miss
Victoria Ogan

Mrs. Teddy Winchcombe returned
from a two week visit at Erickton
with her parents Mr. and Mrs. John
Schell

Mrs. H.T. Lather has been slightly in-
disposed but is now convalescent. Nearly
her many friends were glad to learn

Mr. Bert Colbourne of Canadish
was a business visitor to Winnifred
last week

Mrs. Lynn Phillips left Monday for
Conrad to join her husband, where
they expect to reside, all join in wish-
ing them an abundance of success in
their new home

Mr. and Mrs. G. Gosselin entertained
many people from Medicine Hat last
Sunday September 18th. Those who
noted down were Mr. and Mrs.
Powers and Family, Mr. and Mrs.
Kilham and family, Mr. and Mrs.
W. H. Baldwin and Family, and Mrs. J.
Bouillon when the guests, every one
thoroughly enjoyed the day

A dinner party was given at the
home of O. H. Cooper September 19th.
The invited guests were Mr. and Mrs.
Harry Grant, Mr. and Mrs. W. O.
Long, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Denison,
Mr. and Mrs. Ed Gosselin, Mr. and
Mrs. Frank Baker, Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Tasson,
Mr. and Mrs. J. Hagen and Miss
Hagen. Mrs. Besse Cook was the
hostess, everything proved a great
success

On Monday September 19th, thresh-
ing was taken up again after ten days
delay, a short run of about 15 days
will end threshing in this district,
haying season was in order Friday
and Saturday last week, the Elevators
are seemingly busy. Rain is needed
for fall plowing

FOR SALE

One Compound Automatic
Knitting Machine
To be seen at Mrs. McArthur's
Sec. 28-19-11 - Bow Island.

TAX SALE

Notice is hereby given that certain lands have been sold
under the Tax Recovery Act by

Municipal District of Bow Island No. 94

and the year allowed for redemption will expire on the

Twenty-Fifth Day of November 1921

and the list of such lands can be seen in the

Alberta Gazette of September 15th, 1921.

Dated this 16th. Day of September 1921.

P. E. DUFFY, Secretary-Treasurer

of the Municipal District of Bow Island No. 94

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF ALBERTA JUDICIAL DISTRICT OF

LETHBRIDGE

BETWEEN NO. 4265

THE CANADIAN MORTGAGE

INVESTMENT COMPANY

Plaintiff

and

ROBERT F. MITFORD

Defendant

There will be offered for sale by
public auction subject to the appro-
bation of a judge at the Court House
in the City of Lethbridge on Friday
the 30th. day of September, 1921, at
the hour of 3 o'clock in the afternoon
the following property namely: The
North East quarter of Section 33,
Township 8, Range 10 West of the 4th
Meridian in the Province of Alberta,
containing 161 acres more or less, re-
serving all mines and minerals and
the right to work the same.

The Vendor is informed that there
are on the said lands the following
improvements:

House 20' x 20' and extension 12' x 16'
3 Garages
Chicken House
Barn
Well and windmill tower

The Vendor is also informed that 100
acres have been under cultivation
The said property will be offered for
sale subject to a small reserve bid,
free from all encumbrances save taxes
for the current year and save certain
seed and relief liens registered against
the said lands.

Terms of sale 20% cash at the time
of sale and the balance in sixty days
with interest at the rate of 10% per
annum.

For further particulars and con-
ditions of sale apply to
JOHNSTONE, RITCHIE & GRAY
Auctioneers, Lethbridge, Alberta,
Solicitors for the Plaintiff.

DATED the 1st. day of September,
A.D. 1921

APPROVED
SGD. J.A. JACKSON
J.L.S.C.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS AND CLAIMANTS

In the Estate of ANSELME
GELDEICH, deceased of the Town of
Bow Island in the Province of Alberta
Farmer, Deceased

NOTICE is hereby given that all
persons having claims on the estate of
the said Anselme Geldreich who died
on or about the 10th. day of August,
A.D. 1920 are required to file with
Messrs. Prowse & Lyons of Bow Island
Alberta, solicitors for Pauline Geldreich
the Executrix by the 5th. day of Nov-
ember A.D. 1921 a full statement duly
verified of their claims and of any
securities held by them, and that after
that date the executrix will proceed
to distribute the assets of the deceased
among the parties entitled thereto
having regard only to the claims
which notice has been filed or which
have been brought to her knowledge.

Dated this 21st. day of September,
A.D. 1921.

Prowse & Lyons
of Bow Island, Alberta,
Solicitors for the Executrix.

Winnifred

Government Public Health Nurse
Gertrude E. Halpenny, and May E.
Waggoner Red Cross Honorary Sec-
retary and Vice President of this
province and Juliet B. Kidd Secretary
of the U. of W. A. Calgary made an
inspection trip to Winnifred Friday
and Saturday and visited all the
country schools making examinations
and inspecting the children which
proved very satisfactory, a meeting of
the Local Red Cross Society was held
Saturday afternoon to discuss many
important questions regarding those
in need, many are asking for relief
from the Red Cross in this district.

Raymond Provincial School of Agriculture

Offers Free Courses in Agriculture

And Domestic Science

To Boys and Girls over 16 years of age

Courses Include The Following Subjects:

Agriculture Domestic Science

Irrigation Cooking

Field Husbandry Poultry

Animal Husbandry Home Nursing

Veterinary Science Sewing

Farm Mechanics Textiles

Dairying Laundry

Gardening Chemistry and Physics

Farm Management English and Arithmetic

English and Arithmetic Gardening

Entomology Dairying

Civics Poultry

No Tuition Fee No Entrance Examination

In Session from October 27th. to March 31st.

For Particulars and Application Forms, apply to;

O. S. Longman, B.S.A. Principal, Raymond, Alta

H. A. Craig, Deputy Minister of Agriculture,

Edmonton, Alta.

Hon. G. H. Hoadley, Minister of Agriculture,

Edmonton, Alta.

Education, has visited. Labor income

District School 388 \$89.00

High School 105 622.00

More than High School 10 \$47.00

What Agricultural education has

done for the farmers of New York

State, it will do for the farmers of

Alberta. It was for this purpose that

the Provincial Agricultural School

was established. If you are inter-
ested, why not get further information
from the Principal of the Agricultural
school at Raymond, Alberta

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Britain Likes Flavor Of Canadian Butter Shipped From Prairies

The butter situation in Canada is not especially cheerful at the moment, but there are indications that an improvement may be looked for before the end of the year. At present the stocks in Montreal are exceptionally heavy, particularly as compared with 1920. In 1920 there were in store at Montreal 131,000 boxes of butter; that there are 160,000, and the stocks of cheese are even heavier in proportion, as in 1920 there were on hand 138,000 boxes of cheese, while today there are 233,000. (Of the butter held at Montreal there is very little that has been made in Western Canada, as from June the prices were fairly satisfactory and western creameries did not try to sell their make; some, in fact, are today over-sold, with the result that stocks of creamery held on the prairies are never lighter.)

The bulk of the western butter that has been shipped from the prairies has been sent overseas, and reports from Great Britain are to the effect that the quality is very satisfactory on account of the light salt and excellent flavor. This gratifying result is undoubtedly due to the policy which has been adopted in the prairie provinces of a uniform state and government grade and the rapid extension of grading of cream as well as grading of butter.

The dullness of the butter market at the present time and also the rather depressed feeling of the trade is accounted for in a number of ways.

One of the main difficulties with regard to the continuance of shipping Canadian butter over to Britain is the fact that there is a very large amount of government controlled butter on hand. Very recently 7,000 boxes of New Zealand butter were sold in England on one of these old contracts and there was a heavy stock over before this arrival. The butter is not in good condition, is of high quality, and at present the trade is, in doubt, as to what price the government will put on this controlled butter on the market at from time to time. Then another factor, and this is probably more of theory than of actual proof, is that British dealers will not conclude contracts with New Zealand exporters for supplies from that country for the next six months until after the middle of September when the Delibonville agreement for Canadian butter until after these contracts are made.

It is quite freely stated that the British Government is compelled to pay more for both Canadian and New Zealand butter last year, but particularly for Canadian butter, than the fact that shipments of New Zealand butter to the Pacific province realized higher prices than British exporters to pay and the government was obliged to advance to meet this price. This year it is not a case of the government buying but the dealers, and possibly having this in mind they are resolutely holding off from Canadian butter until they have completed contracts with New Zealand. Yet another factor is said to be that there is a very reasonable probability of lower ocean rates in October and that British buyers do not want to commit themselves until they are what these rates will be.

These are probably some of the reasons for the present depression of prices; the outlook, however, would seem to be for an improved demand and slightly better prices later in the season. The very dry season in Denmark is reported to have curtailed the make in that country, and also a considerable portion of the make has not reached British markets but has gone to other markets, and the same is, to some extent, true of Holland. Practically all of Holland's cheese is being consumed in Germany.

So far as the prairie provinces are concerned, the make throughout the season has been satisfactory and the quality has been uniformly high, as is indicated not only by the reports from what has been shipped to Britain but from the standing of western butter at the recent National Exhibition in Toronto, where practically all the important prizes came west.

Left His Right Hand at Tenerife.
When Nelson returned to England after the glorious victory of the Nile, he landed at Yarmouth. He was a Norfolk man, and the populace, frantic with enthusiasm for their hero, dragged his carriage to the place where he was to be presented with the freedom of the borough.

In taking the oath, Nelson placed his left hand upon the book.
"My lord," said the town clerk, officially, "your right hand!"
"I left that at Tenerife," said the Admiral quietly.

W. N. U. 1386

Geologist Returns

From Fort Norman
Has Taken Observations for Wireless
And Made Maps.

In the north country, Dr. D. B. Dowling, Dominion Government geologist, has returned to Edmonton. He was accompanied by his son, Allan Dowling, and E. D. Irwin, the entire party having returned from Ottawa, to which city they expect to return.

Dr. Dowling succeeded north in the spring to look over operations by parties under the Dominion land survey in the northwest territory by the astronomical branch of the department of the interior and by the geological survey department. The entire territory between Fort Smith and Fort Norman was covered. In this stretch of country, practically the entire territory was surveyed, while the astronomical branch made important observations for longitudinal control for which it was necessary.

A map, which is as close as possible to being perfect, was also made by the geographer party. It was set out in channels where the Mackenzie River is dangerous for navigation.

In the opinion of Dr. Dowling, development and drilling in the north country is being greatly impeded by the geological survey department at Smith, in transporting even the smallest parts of machinery.

Plan To Make Airplanes Safe

Must Make Best of Bad Situation
Under Absolute Safety.

The claim is made by Professor Barton, of the University of Toronto, that a discovery which will insure absolute safety in the flight of aeroplanes by eliminating the chance of loss of control has been made. The knowledge of the part played by the flight of birds by the feather. A model is being made to explain the process, and also a large one which will enable one man on a motor cycle to fly from the sea front at Dover all round the harbor and back in perfect safety. Professor Scrammell is being assisted in this matter by Mr. Delibonville, member of the House of Commons. Shackleton's last expedition to the South Pole. On the homeward journey Mr. Delibonville observed an albatross, which followed the ship for miles without one single movement of its wings. It is not expected to increase speed of flying power, although this may be achieved; but it is contended that the discovery will absolutely ensure safety in descent.

Versailles Treaties Disappoints France

Must Make Best of Bad Situation

M. Poincaré, former president of the Republic, in his forthrightly article in the Revue Des Deux Mondes, says that the Versailles Treaty has caused "great disappointment in France. The chamber shared the responsibility because it ratified the treaty, but it was useless for France to engage in retrospective recriminations, she should try to make the best out of a bad situation, which was caused by circumstances rather than by men.

According to M. Poincaré, neither Washington nor London is sacrificing national interests in order to consolidate the alliance of the former enemies.

"They are English in London and Americans in Washington, and quite rightly; so let us be French in Paris," says the former president.

Mails to Russia.

Transmission of parcels through the mails to the interior of Russia, has now been resumed, it was announced from the Regina post office recently. Parcels may now be accepted, and the sender's declaration for shipment to all parts of the country, including both Russia and Europe, with the exception of the Baltic states. They will also be sent to Russia in Asia, except to Turkestan, the Maritime provinces of Russia, Amur province, and Russian Saghalien.

A Youthful Financier.

"Lady—Do you know where Johnny Jones lives?"
Boy—Yes, but he ain't home. If you give me a nickel I'll find him for you."

"Lady—All right, here you are. Where is he?"
Boy—Here. I'm him.

A trousers-press heated by electricity is a recent French invention.

Gas Laden Silos

Danger of Asphyxiation If Care Is Not Taken.

A new phase of agricultural life has come this year, with the erection of silos in the province, and a timely warning based on fatalities which have occurred in other parts of the country, may not be amiss.

In Kane County, Illinois, two men lost their lives by going into gas laden silos. The first man went into the partly filled silo, and did not return. The second man went in to see what was wrong, he did not return. The third man went in after the two first, and he was saved, but had a close call. This is sufficient reason for a little warning.

A closed silo that is partly filled and stands even for a few hours is likely to develop a gas heavier than air, which settles at the bottom, and asphyxiates those who venture in it. A safe way to obviate trouble is to lower a lighted lantern down to the bottom, and if it is extinguished, good circulation should be provided before anyone is permitted to enter the silo. The silo should be kept open, the doors, taken them out and provide circulation of air, but it is the only method to follow.

It would seem that such a warning is not necessary, yet the annual loss of life warrants it. Better be safe than sorry.

Territory Ceded To Crown

Various Indian Tribes In North Accepted Government Bounty.

As a result of the work of the government treaty party, which has been in the northland during the summer, 32,000 square miles of territory has been ceded by the various Indian tribes to the crown, and about 1,000 Indians who hitherto had not been taxed, have accepted the government bounty.

H. A. Conroy, Federal Indian agent from Ottawa, went as far north as Fort Macleod, in the Arctic travelling in a specially constructed house boat. This vessel was pushed by the Hudson Bay Company's boat Hilaro and the crew method of travel was quite satisfactory, says the Indian commissioner.

An escort of three members of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police accompanied Mr. Conroy.

Discovery Modifies Newton Theory

Professor Says Gravitation Subject To Local Modifications.

Prof. Barrowton has made an important scientific discovery which, it is said, largely modifies the Newton and Laplace theories. After long study with his own apparatus Prof. Barrowton discovered that the gravitation of the terrestrial surface is subject to great local modifications, this being partly determined through external causes. Sometimes the modifications were unexpected, such as the relations of the tide. The most important factor in his discovery consists of the electrical influence of gravitation, which may be inverted during a hurricane.

Canadian Record For Haulage.

A Canadian record for haulage was established when a train three-quarters of a mile long, drawn by two of the largest engines in the service, with 75 cars containing 80,000 bushels of grain, reached Fort William, Ont., recently.

His Fingers Crossed.

Judge—Be careful, sir, or I'll count you for contempt of court.
Witness—I've not expressed contempt for the court, my lord. On the contrary, I've carefully concealed my feelings—London Mail.

French burglars recently made use of chlorine gas to overcome watch-dogs.

German guns were recently being destroyed under the peace treaty at a rate of 1,000 a week.

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Dreams That Pay

Pioneer Made Fortune Out of Wife's Dream Ideas.

A London psychanalyst insists that there is money in dreams and quotes a number of instances to prove his assertion.

A slumber of Bristol once made £10,000 out of a dream idea of his wife. One night she dreamed that she saw her husband making shoes by dropping it from the top of a high tower.

The vision was so vivid that she convinced it was not a dream, but an inspiration. And next morning she told her husband all about it. The slumber was a practical man and did not believe in dreams. But urged by his wife, he made a few experiments.

He was surprised to find that he could make excellent small shoes by pouring molten lead through a sieve into water from a height. So he took out a patent which he sold for £10,000 and hoped that his wife would dream again.

It was a dream which gave Horace Walpole the idea for his famous romance "The Castle of Otranto." He wrote one morning from a vivid dream which quickly vanished from his memory. All that could be recalled was a feeling of horror as he stood in the hall of an ancient castle.

For as he gazed up the great staircase they suddenly appeared before him a giant hand in armor.

So strong was his feeling of awe, even after he awoke, that he began to write without knowledge in the best what he was going to say. He finished the book in two months and it turned out to be a "best seller," running through many editions.

It was in a day dream that Cole ridge composed his wonderful poem "Kubla Khan." With an old book of travel in his hand he fell asleep in his chair, just after reading the following verses: "Here the Khan Kubla commanded a palace to be built, and a stately garden thereunto." He slept for some hours, and when he awoke composed a long poem of mystery. On waking he had a clear recollection of it, and began eagerly to write it.

He had completed little more than 30 lines when he was called away on business and the rest of the poem passed out of his mind. But the fragment which he succeeded in recording is one of the priceless gems of English poetry. It is not uncommon for poets to compose in their dreams. Just these inspirations always are not happy.

Product of British Columbia

Province Supplied Everything But Harbours For Passenger Vessels.

The Princess Louise of the Canadian Pacific British Columbia Coast Service Line was recently launched in Victoria. She bears the distinction of being the first marine passenger vessel constructed in British Columbia. Her masts, except for her masts, were grown in the province, and by boilers and other mechanical fittings were made in British Columbia.

The efforts of the builders was to make the Princess Louise an "all-British Columbia" product. She is 230 feet over all, and can attain a speed of 17 knots.

Our slogan for the coming year is "Buy at Home." It is for your own and your neighbor's prosperity by keeping the money circulating in our own district.

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Experiments Show No Great Advantage From Deep Ploughing

At what depth should land be ploughed is a question that has been asked a great many times and has received a wide variety of answers, but the fact is each farmer has worked out a depth to suit himself and his conditions, and has gone on contented. It has been the subject of a number of village experiments, but many of these have not agreed. Recent experiments tend to show that the depth that perhaps the majority of farmers have accepted as most convenient is after all the best suited to the different crops.

It has been a common practice for many agricultural authorities in Colleges and Experiment Stations to show the ploughing and sowing of most of the ploughing was done by horses with the man steering the plough. This advice was probably needed and in any case was not likely to cause the ploughing to be done too deep. With the advent of the tractor and the mechanical power led plough another factor is brought to bear upon it. The call of the age is for more power for the tractor and has graded a good selling point for the tractor salesman. It is obviously easier to plough deeply with the tractor than with the horse, and it is with the more pliable horse. It is there then a danger that the ploughing may be done too deeply to secure the greatest returns considering the crop yields and the extra cost of the deeper ploughing.

In this connection the results of village experiments conducted at experiment stations in the United States and published in a recent issue of the Breeder's Gazette may prove a valuable guide. The Utah Experiment Station reports the following average yields of wheat in four years, choosing, if possible, a year favorable to deep ploughing. In the intermediate year a ploughing to a depth of 7 inches was found to be as expensive and gave equally good results.

The latter plan, we believe, is the one most commonly followed by farmers ploughing down to 7 inches for corn and roots and to 4 or 5 inches for wheat and clover.

In the colder sections the frost has a loosening effect upon the soil that should render deep ploughing unnecessary and a variation in the depth prevents a hard bottom from being formed at any point. Then there is the expense of ploughing deeper?

Ploughed 8 inches deep, 23.3, 11.6, 14.7 and 5 bushels per acre.
Ploughed 10 inches deep, 23.4, 12.0, 14.9 and 5.8 bushels per acre.
Ploughed 13 inches deep, 16.9, 15.2, 14.8 and 6.8 bushels per acre.
Ploughed and subsoiled 18 to 20 inches deep, 15.4, 15.2, 16.2 and 6.4 bushels per acre.

The same station reports the following from experiments with wheat on another field. Disked, not ploughed, 20.9; ploughed 5 inches deep, 19.1; ploughed 12 inches deep, 27.7; ploughed 16 inches deep, 27.7 bushels per acre.

The Pennsylvania Station after four years' work on depth-ploughing experiments found comparing results from ploughing at a depth of 7½ inches, and a depth of 15 inches, that with barley and corn the results were very similar (100 lbs. to the acre) in favor of the 7½ inch depth. With oats, wheat and alfalfa the difference was even less but slightly favored the deeper ploughing.

The Ohio station found similar results from a five-year test on the same depth and with nearly the same crops, except that they experimented with a subsoiler, which increased the crops very slightly but not nearly enough to pay for the extra cost.

At the Illinois station they made even fuller tests and they reported results as follows:

"We have been conducting ploughing experiments on brown all loam and on gray all loam on light clay. The experiments included fall ploughing to a depth of 7 inches with the moldboard plough and up to 14 inches with a deep-tilling machine, and in the spring four depths of 3½ to 7 inches. In none of these experi-

ments has the deeper ploughing shown any marked advantage. So far as we are concerned, the present information, it does not pay to plough over 7 inches deep. This result applies to all soils probably to all crops except potatoes."

The results from other experiment stations show the same conclusions, and all tend to indicate that deep ploughing to a depth of 7 inches will give equal results at far less cost than will land ploughed at a shallower depth than 7 inches. Much would seem to depend upon the type of soil being worked, the time of year in which the ploughing is done and the crop which is to be grown. The opinions of the U.S. Experiment Station authorities on this matter are summed up by the writer of the article in the following words:

"Fall ploughing should be from 1 inch to 2 inches deeper than spring ploughing. Sandy types of soil should be ploughed deeper than other types of soil. The maximum depths of ploughing recommended range from 5 inches for sandy soil to 7 inches for heavy soils. It is evident that the large majority of the investigations have failed to show that the types of soils than the sands to a depth of approximately 7 inches, which is not strictly in accord with the results of the rather meager experimental data where the depth of ploughing has varied from 4 to 8 inches."

To show the many factors that may influence the depth and after the results he gives the instance of a farmer who ploughed to a depth of 15 inches according to the year. This man ploughed his land to a depth of 7 inches every three or four years, choosing, if possible, a year favorable to deep ploughing. In the intermediate year a ploughing to a depth of 7 inches was found to be as expensive and gave equally good results.

The latter plan, we believe, is the one most commonly followed by farmers ploughing down to 7 inches for corn and roots and to 4 or 5 inches for wheat and clover.

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"Fall ploughing should be from 1 inch to 2 inches deeper than spring ploughing. Sandy types of soil should be ploughed deeper than other types of soil. The maximum depths of ploughing recommended range from 5 inches for sandy soil to 7 inches for heavy soils. It is evident that the large majority of the investigations have failed to show that the types of soils than the sands to a depth of approximately 7 inches, which is not strictly in accord with the results of the rather meager experimental data where the depth of ploughing has varied from 4 to 8 inches."

To show the many factors that may influence the depth and after the results he gives the instance of a farmer who ploughed to a depth of 15 inches according to the year. This man ploughed his land to a depth of 7 inches every three or four years, choosing, if possible, a year favorable to deep ploughing. In the intermediate year a ploughing to a depth of 7 inches was found to be as expensive and gave equally good results.

The latter plan, we believe, is the one most commonly followed by farmers ploughing down to 7 inches for corn and roots and to 4 or 5 inches for wheat and clover.

In the colder sections the frost has a loosening effect upon the soil that should render deep ploughing unnecessary and a variation in the depth prevents a hard bottom from being formed at any point. Then there is the expense of ploughing deeper?

Ploughed 8 inches deep, 23.3, 11.6, 14.7 and 5 bushels per acre.
Ploughed 10 inches deep, 23.4, 12.0, 14.9 and 5.8 bushels per acre.
Ploughed 13 inches deep, 16.9, 15.2, 14.8 and 6.8 bushels per acre.
Ploughed and subsoiled 18 to 20 inches deep, 15.4, 15.2, 16.2 and 6.4 bushels per acre.

The same station reports the following from experiments with wheat on another field. Disked, not ploughed, 20.9; ploughed 5 inches deep, 19.1; ploughed 12 inches deep, 27.7; ploughed 16 inches deep, 27.7 bushels per acre.

The Pennsylvania Station after four years' work on depth-ploughing experiments found comparing results from ploughing at a depth of 7½ inches, and a depth of 15 inches, that with barley and corn the results were very similar (100 lbs. to the acre) in favor of the 7½ inch depth. With oats, wheat and alfalfa the difference was even less but slightly favored the deeper ploughing.

The Ohio station found similar results from a five-year test on the same depth and with nearly the same crops, except that they experimented with a subsoiler, which increased the crops very slightly but not nearly enough to pay for the extra cost.

At the Illinois station they made even fuller tests and they reported results as follows:

"We have been conducting ploughing experiments on brown all loam and on gray all loam on light clay. The experiments included fall ploughing to a depth of 7 inches with the moldboard plough and up to 14 inches with a deep-tilling machine, and in the spring four depths of 3½ to 7 inches. In none of these experi-

ments has the deeper ploughing shown any marked advantage. So far as we are concerned, the present information, it does not pay to plough over 7 inches deep. This result applies to all soils probably to all crops except potatoes."

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not you up

Oh, Money! Money!

—BY—
ELEANOR H. FORTER

Printed by Special Arrangement
with The, Allen,
Toronto, Ont.

I don't think Mellicent's real heart is affected in the least—she's only eighteen, remember—but her pride is and her mother's—Mrs. Jane is thoroughly angry as well as mortified. She says Mellicent is every whit as good as those Pennocks and that the woman who would let a paltry thing like money stand in the way of her son's affections is a pretty small specimen. For her part, she never did have any use for rich folk, money, and the proud and glad that she's poor! I'm afraid Mrs. Jane was very angry when she said that. However, so much for her—and she may change her opinion one of these days.

My private suspicion is that young Pennock is already regretting the pulling back at his mother's leading-strings; for I was with Mellicent the other day when we met her and had to face on the street. Mellicent smiled and nodded and came forward to shake hands with me, but she was so pale and so nervous that I turned all colors of the rainbow, with terror, pleading, apology, and assumed indifference, and I never saw her again.

There is, too, another feature in the case. It seems that a new family by the name of Gaylord has come to town and opened up the old Gaylord mansion. Gaylord is a son of old Peter Gaylord, and is a millionaire. They are making quite a stir in the way of balls and invited servants and nuptial cars, and the town is agog with it all. There are young people in the family, and especially there is a girl, Miss Pearl, whom, report says, the Pennocks have selected as being a suitable mate for Carl.

At all events, the Pennocks and the Gaylords have struck up a furious friendship, and the young people of both families are in the forefront of instrumental social affairs in the town. As for Mellicent, I left out the whole story. And next month comes Mellicent's father one hundred thousand dollars. Do you wonder I say the plot thickens?

As for myself—I should need to eat whatever I like. The money says health built up to now gets knocked down—and I'm not strong enough to do it, too! I can walk miles and not know it. I've gained twenty pounds, and I'm having the time of my life. I'm even enjoying being a general—these times have exhausted the resources of Hibernia, and have been to make up to the neighboring towns. I can even spend an afternoon in an old cemetery copying names from new grown gravestones, and not entirely lose my appetite. I've had my supper, was even consulting myself that I was really quite a generalist when, one day, I met the real thing. Heaven, Lord, that may had fourteen to ten hundred and seventy-two dates at his tongue's end, and he said them all over to me. He knows the name of every Blake (he was a Blake) back to the year one, how many families they had (and they had some families then, let me tell you), and when they all died, and why. I met him one morning in a cemetery. I was hunting for a certain stone and I asked him a question. Heaven! It was the setting a match to one of those Fourth-of-July down-pot sky-rocket affairs. That question was the match that set him going, and thereafter he was a pushing river of names and dates. I never heard anything like it before. He began at the Blaisdells, but skipped ahead at once to the Blakes—there were a lot of them over six hundred years ago. He said that five minutes he had me dumb from sheer stupefaction. I was so dumb that he had made a century run, and by noon he had got to the Crays. I went through his data, Crays very appropriately, waiting in an open tomb for a considerable time. I had got to the year one when I had leave to drive back to my father. I've invited him to come to see Father.

DODD'S
KIDNEY
PILLS

ALL KIDNEY DISEASE
BILIOUSNESS
RIGHTLY DISPOSED

4087 THE PROPRIETOR

W. N. U. 1286

Foch Warns Against Germany

Tells Veterans France Cannot Yet Sleep Soundly

Marshall Foch in a recent speech to the Veterans at Melun, said: "Always beside us are the vanquished who are not yet dead. I ask you not to let them out of your sight. Be assured that they are always alive and have not abandoned their idea of revenge."

"They will only respect us as long as they are strong. I ask you to absorb the idea that France is unable to sleep soundly without risking a terrible awakening."

Tank Is British Invention

Was One of Most Important in History of War

The tank is a British invention. "In the Allied armies," says the Daily Mail (London Year Book for 1919), "the British invention of the tank has been recognized in 1916 as one of the most important of the whole history of war, and tanks of various patterns were built and adopted by the French and American armies, as well as by the British. A special Tank Corps for the use of tanks was formed in the British army, and a system of tactics worked out. The forms of tanks used—large, heavy type, and a smaller and lighter type—were such that they could move faster and outrun any infantry and, indeed, most cavalry where the conditions were reasonably favorable. The tank of the large class was similar to the battle ship in naval war; the tank of the smaller class resembled the destroyer."

With these valuable machines in great economy of infantry could be effected, and thousands of valuable men saved." Lieut.-Col. J. E. C. Fuller, who was Chief General Staff Officer of the British Tank Corps from 1916 to August, 1918, and is the British authority on tanks, has published a work on "Tanks in the Great War" (1920).

A British Heligoland

The Heligoland, it is said, are agitating for self-determination, and wish, once again, to become British subjects. Why should they not? The island was never of use to Germany except as a naval station; and Germany now has no more use for it. The Heligoland, few of them are of German race; and they recollect that under the British administration, life was easy, taxes were low and a single policeman sufficed to keep order among them.—London Sunday Pictorial.

A Witty Chauffeur.

The chauffeur never spoke except when asked, and his few utterances, given in a broad brogue, were full of wit.

One of the men in the party remarked: "You're a bright sort of a fellow, and it's easy to see that your people came from Ireland."

"No, sir," he very boldly retorted, replied Pat.

"What!" said the man, "Didn't they come from Ireland?"

"No, sir," replied Pat, "they're there yet."

Book Swim in Mid-Ocean

Crew of Neith Took Dip Thousand Miles From Land

The little Neith, the cutter official rated at 21.7 tons, in which Sydney Houghton, assisted by an amateur crew of twelve Irishmen, sailed into Bell, de Wolfe and Willard, sailed from Halifax, Nova Scotia, last April, with no other crew, for the purpose of swimming in mid-Atlantic, a thousand miles from land.

"It was then, looking down on her from the crest of a 20-foot wave, that I realized for the first time what a tiny craft she is."

"Once we ran into a 50-mile-long, long pale, but the Neith made nothing of riding through that. That night, when the seas were pounding the ship forward, I went forward to see what sort of weather Sambo (the negro cook) was making."

"I found him on his knees, with everything in his hands, and he was racing around him and towels tied round his ears to drown the noise. 'Laws! he prayed, if Yoda's givins to take me, take me quick.'"

South Sea Islanders Like Golf.

Some South Sea Islanders on their first trip to the U.S. saw a few courses of golf, and now several outfits of golf paraphernalia are on their way to the South Seas.

In England, to secure greater safety on the highways, patrols are stationed at dangerous crossings to warn motorists, and at bad stretches of road.

Children Cry for Fletcher's

Castoria

Fletcher's Castoria is strictly a remedy for Infants and Children. Foods are specially prepared for babies. A baby's medicine is even more essential for Baby. Remedies primarily prepared for grown-ups are not interchangeable. It was the need of a remedy for the common ailments of Infants and Children that brought Castoria before the public after years of research, and no claim has been made for it that its use for over 30 years has not proven.

What is CASTORIA?

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Peppermint, Drops and Soothing Syrup. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulence, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Comfort—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Wm. D. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY

The Seven Seas

Separate Continent Surrounds Each According to Hindu Mythology

"The Seven Seas" exist in Hindu mythology, according to the Jerns, and the earth is circular and flat, the flower of a water lily. Its circumference is 4 billion miles. The centre is Mount Sumeru. On this mountain are three peaks formed of gold, pearls and precious stones, where the gods live. Beyond this sea there are six others: of sugar cane juice, of spurious liquors, of clarified butter, or curds, of milk and secret. Each sea is surrounded by a separate continent.

ASPIN

The two extremes in human hair are that of the negro, flat in section and curly, and that of the Mongolian, which is round and straight.

"Bayer" only is Genuine

Warning! Take no chances with substitutes for genuine "Bayer Tablets" of Aspirin. Use only the name "Bayer" on package or on tablets. If not getting Aspirin, get the genuine Bayer product. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monoacetic acid ester of Salicylic acid.

A Dark Voyage.

Salesman—Nice weather for travelling.

Travel Agent—Yes, but I'm afraid to travel any more, I became engaged once while going through a tunnel.

MURINE EYES

Sun Wind Sift Cinders

WRITE FOR FREE EYE BOOK, MURINE CO. CHICAGO

It wears longer

STANFIELD'S

Unshrinkable

UNDERWEAR

MEN who work outdoors need the comfortable warmth of

STANFIELD'S

"Red Label" Underwear

It is made of the best wool—and is cut to fit perfectly, giving ease and freedom with the warmth needed to protect against bitter cold.

We make underwear in heavy weight for men, women and children.

Write for free sample book.

STANFIELD'S LIMITED

Truro, N.S.

Creeps Into The System Just Like a Serpent

Like a thief in the night, it steals upon the system, and the victim is unaware of its presence. Time and experience have proved that Catarrhism is a wonderful remedy for all Catarrhal and Venereal troubles. No matter how long you have been suffering from any of these, you can get the relief you need by using Catarrhism. It is a powerful medicine which is taken by the mouth, and it acts on the system, to drive out the poison, and to strengthen the system, and to weaken in the throat, use Catarrhism. Two months treatment, one dollar, smaller size 50c, all dealers for the Catarrhism Co., Montreal.

World Happenings Briefly Told

The Soviet Government has declared a state of war in Bessarabia, in the Roumanian frontier zone.

The discovery of a vast revolutionary movement at Constantinople is announced by the British authorities here.

Irish has been declared the official language of the Irish republican movement, Herve Beasley, a prominent Republican has declared.

The keel has been laid of a 32,000-ton liner ordered by the Holland American line. It is the largest liner since the war in the United Kingdom. Four persons were killed and several injured in Brussels when the ceiling of a church gave way during early mass while a hurricane was raging.

Forty-four hundred head of sheep were burned to death when lightning struck a large stock barn on a farm near Muncie, Ill. Another 1,600 were saved.

A ten-year-old immigrant lad from Russia who got 100 per cent. grading in a New York school faces deportation as an insubordinate under a U.S. legal technicality.

A party of nearly 200 unemployed ex-servicemen have left London for France to work in the devastated areas. They were all overjoyed at the prospect of at least securing employment.

A Reuter despatch from Geneva says now that the sittings of the various committees of the League of Nations have been thrown open to the public, more attention is being paid to the proceedings.

The arrest of 40 extreme Socialists, mostly Japanese, but some of them Koreans, is featured by the Tokio newspapers, which allege the arrests were connected with a serious sedition plot.

A Constantinople message to the London Times says it is believed the Greeks had 18,000 men put out of combat during their recent drive toward Angora. The Turkish Nationalists' losses are placed at 12,000.

Edmonton's first carload of grain went eastward one week earlier than in 1920. It was a car of barley consigned by W. Ross, but sent out of Canada. The grain was purchased from R. W. Geurson, North Edmonton, and appeared to be of splendid quality.

Reuter's Cape Town correspondent cables that Dr. Goodenough, professor of geology and zoology at Stellenbosch University, South Africa, was officially nominated to fill the vacancy on the staff of Sir Ernest Shackleton's Quest expedition to the Antarctic. Sir Ernest's staff numbers eighteen and includes at least one representative from each of the following dominions.

MOTHERS! WATCH YOUR TEETHING BABIES

THOUSANDS OF THEM DIE EVERY SUMMER

When the baby starts to cut its teeth, this is the time the poor mother is under the stress of anxiety. The child's bowels become weak and diarrhoea, feverishness, cramps and many other bowel complaints manifest themselves; the gums become swollen, cankers form in the mouth, and in many cases the child passes to a shadowy and very often the termination is fatal.

Be the first indication of any looseness of the bowels, give a few doses of

DR. FOWLER'S
EXTRACT OF
WILD STRAWBERRY

For the past 76 years Dr. Fowler has been using this extract of wild strawberry as a natural and safe teething remedy, and it has been found to be a most effective and safe remedy for all teething troubles.

It is a most effective and safe remedy for all teething troubles. It is a most effective and safe remedy for all teething troubles. It is a most effective and safe remedy for all teething troubles.

Discover Herod's Birthplace Great Cloisters at Ashalon Have Been Identified

Much valuable research work is being done in Palestine under the Antiquities Ordinance.

At Ashalon the great cloisters which Herod adorned his birthplace, have been identified and excavated, and the area in the vicinity of the synagogue of Capernaum has had equally interesting results. At the latter place a hexagonal court, with mosaic pavement and ambulatory, has been uncovered.

Steps are now being taken to preserve and protect the Crusader's Tower at Ramleh, the ancient church of Jinn at Ramleh, the Crusader's Fortress at Athlith, and other monuments, in addition to the upkeep of the citadel and walls of Jerusalem.

WIND ON THE STOMACH QUICKLY RELIEVED

It is a good thing to know just what to do when get building attacks. One sufferer related the following experience: A few months ago I ate some green vegetables and some fruit that was not quite ripe. It brought on indigestion, flatulence, nausea, and cramps. I belched gas continually. I could not sleep, nor did I feel like eating. I took it in my own hands. I will never again be without this valuable remedy. Nervine is a household necessity. Large supply sold every where.

Started Forest Fire Robert Louis Stevenson Would Have Been Lynched If Caught

In connection with American forest fires it may be recalled that one of England's most distinguished men once came to the country of having fired a forest in California, and had been identified with the accident.

Robert Louis Stevenson, in his "Old Pacific Capital," admits the folly that induced him to satisfy his curiosity as to the inflammable nature of the forest, instead of deterring him by a portion of the moss and experimenting in safety.

As it was, the tree went off like a bomb. In three seconds it was a roaring pillar of fire. Men were at work near by, combating another blaze, and had any one observed Stevenson's experiment his neck would not have been "worth a pinch of snuff."

At night he was able to discern his "own particular fire" quite distinct from the other, and burning "with even greater vigor."

To Produce Dyes

A joint stock company will be formed in Winnipeg in the near future with a capitalization of \$250,000 and a plant valued at more than \$250,000 will be erected in St. Boniface, Man., for the production of dyes, according to T. H. Brooks, inventor of a new method of extracting aniline dyes from coal tar.

For Scalds and Burns.—Dr. Thomson's Electric Oil is a standard remedy for the prompt treatment of scalds and burns. Its healing power quickly soothes the pain and aids a speedy recovery from the injury. It is also an excellent remedy for all manner of cuts, bruises and sprains, as well as for relieving the pains arising from inflammation of various kinds.

A bottle in the house and stable saves any doctor's and veterinary's fee.

The Milk Maid.

A young man went on one occasion to call at a country farm house to make inquiries after his sweetheart, who had charge of the dairy. Her master opened the door, and his lover asked him timidly:

"How is the milkmaid?"

But the farmer angrily replied, as he slammed the door on the stranger's face: "Our milk isn't made; it's got from the cow."

A Gift of the Gods.

Forgetfulness is the greatest gift of the gods to man. Few of us would have hope and courage enough to face the future if we were not able to forget at times what fools we have made ourselves in the past.—Don Margus in New York Sun.

Norwegian scientists claim Greenland is moving slowly westward at the rate of about 10 yards a year.

At heights above 12,000 feet above sea level, mountaineers say that sleep would be difficult, if not impossible.

Every dollar spent in your home town is a boost for the community.

Ask for Minard's and take no other

Three Hundred Great Years

Undragged of Advancement Since British Empire Was Founded.

A period of three hundred years—a span which is short enough in the history of any age in which we are not directly concerned—is all that separates us from the beginning of the colonial policy upon which the mighty British Empire was founded, but these three centuries have seen new worlds discovered, new nations arise and an advancement in civilization beyond the dreams of those who lived at its beginning.

The impressive ceremonies at Annapolis Royal possess far greater interest and significance than would attach to a merely local observance, for their celebrated events which have had no small part in moulding the history of this continent, and their effects have been felt over an even greater part of the globe.—The St. John Telegraph.

Postal Rates Advance

Will Be Four Cents to Other Parts of Empire.

An advance of one cent per ounce is announced in the letter postage rate between Canada and other parts of the Empire. The former rate was two cents per ounce with an added one cent as war tax. The new rate will be four cents an ounce, with one cent war tax additional.

The postage rate to foreign countries has been increased from three cents for the first ounce and three cents for each succeeding ounce to 10 cents for the first ounce and five cents for each additional ounce or fraction thereof.

A POPULAR TITIC

One That Enriches the Blood and Strengthens the Nerves.

Proper food, fresh air and a good tonic will keep most men in good health. But many men, unfortunately, in badly ventilated rooms, and lack of exercise causes anemia. In this condition Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are a popular tonic. They contain iron and blood purifying ingredients. I took it in my own hands. I will never again be without this valuable remedy. Nervine is a household necessity. Large supply sold every where.

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Every dollar spent in your home town is a boost for the community.

Ask for Minard's and take no other

CUTICURA HEALS INTENSE ITCHING

Burning On Hands. Could Not Put Them In Water. Lost Sleep.

"My hands were very sore and I could not put them in water to wash them. There were some pimples on my hands, and I was so itchy that I scratched and irritated them, and I could not sleep at night."

The trouble lasted two weeks before I tried Cuticura. When I had used two cakes of Cuticura Soap and one box of Cuticura Ointment for about two weeks I was healed." (Signed) Regina Dalgic, R. D. 3, Fort Kent, Maine.

Use Cuticura for every-day toilet purposes. Bathe with Soap, scrub with Ointment, dust with Talcum. Use twice. Outfit 25c and 50c. Talcum 25c. Sold everywhere. (Cuticura Soap makes white soap.)

Price Nine Cents To Go Boar Hunting

King George Opposite Plan On Account of Danger.

England's future King is just present engaged in a controversy with his parents and also with members of the government as to whether or not he is to be allowed to take part while in India in the contest for the Kadir Cup. This is the principal annual sporting event of King George's vast Oriental empire and he is to be deposed as the blue ribbon of the pigsticking world. Pigsticking is the favorite sport of approximately 300 Indians in the degree of interest than any other. The Indian wild boar is no mean opponent and his pursuit on horseback is a sport with considerable danger, unless the huntman's heart is in the right place and his hand and eye quick and true.

The Indian boar stands anywhere from 30 to 44 inches at his shoulders, and has a charging weight of approximately 300 pounds. He is adorned with a pair of long, razor-like tusks which he can dismember a man or a horse in the twinkling of an eye. He can gallop clear away from a horse for about half a mile. After that distance he begins to tire, and the hunter can then get in and will charge headlong at the nearest horseman.

It is the receiving of this savage charge accurately on the spot that is the acme of the boar hunter's skill. If he misses the boar will certainly damage the horse and possibly the rider as well as the rider sprawling. A good boar is the bravest animal afoot and like wise the most relentless.

Fruits That Ripen Slowly.

Human beings are like plants. It is not always the tree which grows and bears the fruit, but the best crop in the end. The brilliant boy who is quick to give the best of himself is not always the best of himself. It is not always the fruit which grows and bears the fruit, but the best crop in the end. The brilliant boy who is quick to give the best of himself is not always the best of himself.

Really Reliable Asthma Remedy.

All sufferers from asthma should try Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy. It is a most reliable remedy for all cases of asthma, and it is a most reliable remedy for all cases of asthma.

Primitivistic Spirit.

The street sprinkler of St. Louis is a man who carries two large buckets of water averaging six gallons each, and he is a man who carries two large buckets of water averaging six gallons each, and he is a man who carries two large buckets of water averaging six gallons each.

Tactfulness.

A speaker who thought very favorably of his own tactfulness was asked to deliver an address, and started as follows:

"My friends, I shall not call you ladies and gentlemen. I know you too well."—Exchange.

Paper Yarn.

"Paper yarn is being manufactured in Spain. The material for the yarn being derived from the manufacture of the paper. The yarn is strong and adapted to the manufacture of sack cloth and imitation burlap."

The total amount of money spent on sports in the British Isles each year is so large that if it were converted into gold, it would require a train a mile long to transport it.

Far From the End.

"What's that grass widow's last name?"

"Nobody knows. She hasn't come to it yet!"—Philadelphia Bulletin.

Canada, Russia and Siberia have the three greatest belts of virgin timber left in the world.

Minard's Liniment. Lumberman's Friend.

W. N. U. 1396

A Becoming Frock For The Dark-Eyed Girl

By Marie Belmont.

This lively frock is made of a fine quality of burnt orange voile. The bodice is designed with a widespread fichu which is prettily draped about the shoulders. This is edged with ecru lace. The small puffed sleeves are trimmed in like manner. The skirt shows a continuation of the fichu effect, for it is designed with an irregular overskirt. This is caught up at the side with a spray of black-eyed vases. The underskirt is also adorned with the ecru lace. A belt of dark brown velvet ribbon defines the waist and clusters at one side of the frock is another spray of the black-eyed flowers.

A pleasant medicine for children is Mother's Great Worm Expeller, which is excellent for driving worms from the system.

May Return To Monarchy

Ludendorff Certain German People Favor of Change.

That Germany will return to a monarchy will return to that through the free will of the German people, was the prediction made at Munich by Field Marshal Von Ludendorff, when asked for his views on the present conflict between the North and Bavaria, where the great military strategist, though a Prussian, has made his home.

"Not today nor tomorrow, nor the day after, and not by force, but by the free will of the people," declared Ludendorff. Discussing the sudden alarm of the Berlin Government over what he called the "socialist danger," Ludendorff insisted that the present struggle was not one between Republicanism and Monarchism, as the Berlin Government would have its own people and the world believe, but a struggle between "a Socialistic Republic which is not democratic, and a monarchy that would be democratic."

Primitivistic Spirit.

The street sprinkler of St. Louis is a man who carries two large buckets of water averaging six gallons each, and he is a man who carries two large buckets of water averaging six gallons each, and he is a man who carries two large buckets of water averaging six gallons each.

Tactfulness.

A speaker who thought very favorably of his own tactfulness was asked to deliver an address, and started as follows:

"My friends, I shall not call you ladies and gentlemen. I know you too well."—Exchange.

Paper Yarn.

"Paper yarn is being manufactured in Spain. The material for the yarn being derived from the manufacture of the paper. The yarn is strong and adapted to the manufacture of sack cloth and imitation burlap."

The total amount of money spent on sports in the British Isles each year is so large that if it were converted into gold, it would require a train a mile long to transport it.

Far From the End.

"What's that grass widow's last name?"

"Nobody knows. She hasn't come to it yet!"—Philadelphia Bulletin.

Canada, Russia and Siberia have the three greatest belts of virgin timber left in the world.

Minard's Liniment. Lumberman's Friend.

W. N. U. 1396

ROYAL YEAST CAKES MAKE PERFECT BREAD

For many years physicians have prescribed yeast for the correction of certain physical disorders, such as boils, constipation, pimples and intestinal troubles. Royal Yeast Cakes are rich in vitamins and serve to tone up the blood. Royal Yeast Cakes are on sale in practically every grocery store. Send name and address for free copy "Royal Yeast Cakes for Better Health."

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MADE IN CANADA

Distinction For Canada

To Canada belongs the honor of being the first to generate water power for high-tension transmission in the United States. A small power of 1200 h.p. having been developed on the Baitacan River and transmitted at 1100 volts to Three Rivers, Quebec.

Cornus causes much suffering, but Holloway's Corn Remover offers a sure, safe and reliable relief.

"Born That Way."

She—[las your friend long been bald? He looks so young! He (pathetically)—He was born so. She (much moved)—The poor child!

So Naturally.

"Water, like it, nothing but mud." "Yes, sir; it was found this morning."

If You Suffer

digestive disorders, discomfort after eating, constipation, sick headache, biliousness, etc.

Take

a course of the famous Beecham's Pills. Prompt relief often follows the first dose. People everywhere are noting the value of

BEECHAM'S PILLS

In boxes, 25c., 50c., 100c. Largest list of any medicine in the world.

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When ordering goods by mail, send a Money Order Express Money Order.

BOOK ON DISEASES

What to Buy in the Drug Store. Address for free copy: Dr. J. C. HAY, GLOVER, N. Y. 1175. American's Pioneer. New York, N. Y.

Clark's Cough Root Compound

A safe, reliable, refreshing medicine. Sold in 5c. and 10c. bottles. 25c. and 50c. bottles. All druggists or write for sample of price, name, and address. THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, Ont., Canada.

Clark's Kitchen at your Service again this Summer

CLARK'S TOMATO SOUP

Fine ripe tomatoes fresh from the fields give their delicious flavor, and all you have to do is to heat and serve.

CLARK SOUPS are made in 13 different sorts, and include chicken.

Like all "Clark Good Things" the price is moderate.

Made from Canadian Farm Produce and sold everywhere in Canada.

CLARK'S TOMATO SOUP

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CLARK'S TOMATO SOUP

Farmers! Vote for the Farmers' Candidate

In the Dominion Elections
Now Coming on.

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School Forms, Assessment Forms,
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Farmers! Support Your Own Paper
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REVIEW

ONLY \$2.00 A YEAR

Care of Shoes

The proper drying of boots and shoes after they have become soaking wet has much to do with their lasting qualities. The use of the proper kinds of oil or grease will greatly increase the wear of shoe leather.

When leather is wet, it is soft and therefore readily stretches out of shape. The stitches cut through the wet leather easily and wet soles and heels wear away rapidly.

Great care must be taken in drying wet boots and shoes. For they often burn before it seems possible, more over, if dried too fast, the leather becomes hard and the boots shrink out of shape. To dry wet boots properly, first wash off all mud or grit with tepid water, and if they are heavy

will dry slowly; wet leather burns very easily, and if it is placed where it is hotter than the hand can bear, it is almost sure to burn. Shoes should not be worn until thoroughly dry.

Before oiling or greasing boots brush them well, remove them carefully. Apply warm oil or grease, and rub in with the palm of the hand, work the grease well in where the sole joins the upper and along the edges of the sole.

Neat-foot, cool and castor oils and tallow and wool grease, or mixtures of them are the best. Castor oil is the most satisfactory oil for use on polished shoes. If applied lightly may be polished at once, if necessary, but it is better to wait a few hours.

A good mixture for waterproofing leather is neutral wool grease, kerosene, dark petroleum, linseed, paraffin, wax 4 ounces. This should be heated thoroughly, mixed and allowed to cool. Before using, it should be warmed to blood heat. Care must be taken when warming that it does not catch fire.

Burdett News

Mr. Eckenstein who was working for Mr. N. H. Stron was injured last Tuesday morning by a horse kicking him, it broke his arm and put his elbow out of joint, he was brought in to town and attended to by Dr. McPhail and is now getting along as well as can be expected.

We are sorry to have to report that, Mr. William Donahen's condition is not improved.

Mr. A. Hamilton is making some improvements on the cottage on second Ave. occupied by Mr. Edward Warray.

J. H. Sandy's threshing outfit is again laid up by the cylinder shaft breaking, this is the second shaft to break this season.

The Eleventh grade work is now being taught in our school, this is a decided advantage to rate payers, who have pupils wishing to take this advanced work heretofore they had to leave our town to get this training.

The Trustees of the Burdett School have had some ground broken, on the School grounds which will be planted in garden next year and trees will be set out the following year, we understand it is the aim of the School board to make the School grounds the most attractive of any in the south.

Samuel Hazell was a business visitor in town Tuesday.

Mr. Gust Schmidt one of our old, and highly respected farmers, who left here three years ago and bought a farm in the Chilliwack Valley B.C. has returned.

The fascination of the prairie was too great for him to remain away from it.

We are glad to have Mr. Schmidt back with us, as he is the type of man we need in this country.

Mr. F. W. Fowler of this district made a trip to Bow Island Tuesday, and reports have it that Mr. Fowler intends to leave Burdett.

Judge Lomas is having a furnace installed, and other improvements made to his town home, Messrs. Torgunson and Rasmussen have charge of the work.

Mr. A. Mitchell commonly known as the "Hy-Burn" was a business visitor in town last Tuesday.

The threshing has again started, after the delay of a week on account of wet weather.

One of our Townsmen was before Judge Lomas Saturday 17th, charged with operating a motor vehicle without a license, the minimum fine was imposed.

Auction Sale

An Auction Sale will be held in the Village of Burdett on Saturday 1st. October by Mr. T. W. Fowler.

Starting one p.m.
Job Llewellyn, Auctioneer

NOTICE

It will be a lucky man that gets the \$20 for finding that Blue Serge Coat with the torn and stained buttons on it. They can get it by applying to the Review Office at Bow Island.

Three men injured when truck turns turtle twice

As a result of the accident to the motor truck of the Mounted Police, which happened about seven o'clock last Friday evening, three men were injured, the driver, Constable Passey, Corporal Green, and Constable Martin are in the Galt hospital receiving treatment for the injuries received. The party of mounted men, nine in number, were returning to the city after attending a rifle shooting at Macleod, when through the breaking of the steering gear the truck ran into the gully on the side of the road, turning turtle twice and then righting itself.

Corporal Green came off the worst in the injuries the three men received, having three ribs broken in addition to injuries to his jaw and his hip, which was badly hurt. Constable Passey was badly cut about the leg. Constable Martin had a severe cut in his face and sustained injuries through the wheel of the truck passing over his stomach.

Horses Wooden Leg worth \$10.000

Jacob Diamond, a pedlar, in Hammond, Ind. recently filed suit in superior court for \$10,000 damages against an artist who ran into Diamond's three-legged horse and broke its wooden leg. The suit alleges the animal was "bruised and humiliated" to that extent. The horse, which has won the wooden leg for five years, has had a troubled career. On one occasion the leg caught fire and the fire department was called to extinguish the blaze.

The Quality of Our Meats

are Better than Ever

and the

Prices are still Down

BURDETT MEAT MARKET

GEORGE LOMAS, PROPRIETOR

Burdett Church Notices

The United Church, Burdett

Pastor Rev. Percy Johnson

Sunday School & Bible Class at 11 a.m.

Evening Service 7:30 p.m.

A cordial invitation is extended, and a hearty welcome is awaiting you all.

L.D.S. CHURCH

Job Llewellyn, Bishop

Sunday School every Sunday at 11 a.m.

Sacrament Service 2 p.m.

Mutual Improvement 7:30 p.m.

Boys' Society Tuesday 2 p.m.

Primary Saturday 2 p.m.

Choir Practice Thursday 8 p.m.

DATES for AUCTION SALES

If you intend to have a Sale, be sure you leave the date at the Bow Island Review for D. M. Garrison - Auctioneer

Farmers!

Support your own Paper by Subscribing to the Review which studies the interests of every Farmer

Buy Seal Tight FRUIT JAR RINGS

Price 10c. per dozen

sold at

E. M. JOHNSTON

BURDETT

ALBERTA

We are Still Selling HIGH QUALITY GOODS at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES

The Following is a Sample of The Big Cut in Prices:

	Regular	Sale
Men's Heavy Sweater Coats	\$ 9.75	\$ 6.85
" " " " " "	8.50	5.65
" " " " " "	11.00	7.65
" " " " " "	7.50	5.25
Winter Caps	2.25	1.75
" " " " " "	2.50	1.85
" " " " " "	1.75	1.25

We have just received a Car Load of "Our Best Flour." This is a High Grade Flour, and every sack is Guaranteed. In fact, it won First Prize at the recent B.C. Exhibition. We are in a position to sell this High Grade Flour at the same price, or less, than you pay for inferior grades. Be sure to get Our Prices before buying Your Winter's Supply.

BURDETT MERCANTILE STORE
A. H. RYGG, PROP.

A Word To The Thrifty Housewife Stock Your Cupboards Now

With The

Numerous Bargains

To Be Had In Our

Dry Goods and Grocery Departments

Sale Still on In Full Swing

FARMERS CASH STORE

J. LLEWELLYN, Junr.
PROPRIETOR

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JUST A SPLINTER FROM THE OUIJA BOARD

